

How Code 19 can protect all the letters of the Quran

I have read articles from [Rashad, submission.org](http://Rashad.submission.org), masjiduntucson.org, and others. But a question remains in my head about how this code number **19** can also protect all the letters of the Quran.

Since they don't share the text of the Quran for download, I tried to verify it myself using Buckwalter data from corpus.quran.com, then patched it using the following references from submission.org:

No.	Chapter	Verse	Word	From	To	Remark	References / Method	Ref. in other verses
1.	2	72	4	فَأَذَرْتُمْ	فَأَذَرْتُمْ	Too many diacritic	Tashkent Quran	3:168
2.	3	136	2	خَزَّوْهُمْ	خَزَّوْهُمْ	Change from Imla'i Rasm to Uthmani	Tashkent Quran	12:74; 12:75
3.	7	38	21	أَذَرَكُوا	أَذَرَكُوا	Change from Imla'i Rasm to Uthmani	Tashkent Quran	27:66
4.	7	46	4	الْأَغْرَابِ	الْأَغْرَابِ	Change from Imla'i Rasm to Uthmani	Tashkent Quran	-
5.	7	48	3	الْأَغْرَابِ	الْأَغْرَابِ	Change from Imla'i Rasm to Uthmani	Tashkent Quran	-
6.	7	66	10	سَفَاهَةٍ	سَفَاهَةٍ	Change from Imla'i Rasm to Uthmani	Tashkent Quran	-
7.	7	67	5	سَفَاهَةٍ	سَفَاهَةٍ	Change from Imla'i Rasm to Uthmani	Tashkent Quran	-
8.	7	69	22	تَصْطَفَّةٌ	تَصْطَفَّةٌ	change letter Shad to Sin	Tashkent Quran	2:247
9.	7	133	6	وَالضُّفْدِغِ	وَالضُّفْدِغِ	Change from Imla'i Rasm to Uthmani	Tashkent Quran	-
10.	7	145	4	الْأَلْوَاخِ	الْأَلْوَاخِ	Change from Imla'i Rasm to Uthmani	Tashkent Quran	54:13
11.	7	150	17	الْأَلْوَاخِ	الْأَلْوَاخِ	Change from Imla'i Rasm to Uthmani	Tashkent Quran	54:13
12.	7	150	24	أَنْتُمْ أَمْ	أَنْتُمْ أَمْ	Change from Aleef to Waw	Tashkent Quran	20:94
13.	7	154	7	الْأَلْوَاخِ	الْأَلْوَاخِ	Change from Imla'i Rasm to Uthmani	Tashkent Quran	54:13
14.	7	163	14	جِيئَانَهُمْ	جِيئَانَهُمْ	Change from Imla'i Rasm to Uthmani	Tashkent Quran	-
15.	9	128	-	-	-	Removed	Code 19 pattern	-
16.	9	129	-	-	-	Removed	Code 19 pattern	-
17.	10	15	4	ءَايَاتِنَا	ءَايَاتِنَا	Change from Imla'i Rasm to Uthmani	Tashkent Quran	22:51; 22:72
18.	10	21	13	ءَايَاتِنَا	ءَايَاتِنَا	Change from Imla'i Rasm to Uthmani	Tashkent Quran	22:51; 22:72
19.	13	4	10	صِيُورُ	صِيُورُ	Change from Imla'i Rasm to Uthmani	Tashkent Quran	-
20.	13	4	12	صِيُورُ	صِيُورُ	Change from Imla'i Rasm to Uthmani	Tashkent Quran	-
21.	13	5	19	أَغْنَاهُمْ	أَغْنَاهُمْ	Change from Imla'i Rasm to Uthmani	Tashkent Quran	38:8; 40:71
22.	13	14	23	دُعَاءُ	دُعَاءُ	Change from Aleef to Waw	Tashkent Quran	40:50
23.	13	17	42	الْأَمْثَالِ	الْأَمْثَالِ	Change from Imla'i Rasm to Uthmani	Tashkent Quran	24:35; 25:9
24.	68	1	1	ن	نُون	Change from Nun to Nun Waw Nun	Code 19 pattern	-
25.	Add Basmalah to all chapters except 1 and 9, and its verse number is 0 (zero)							

Table. 1 patch from submission.org

I assume all readers already know what Arabic gematria is. But if you don't know it, you can read it [here](#) or [here](#) first. In essence, each letter in Arabic has its own value, as can be seen in the table below:

No.	Letter	Transliteration	Gematrical Value
1.	ا	alif (a)	1
2.	ب	bā' (b)	2
3.	ج	jīm (j)	3
4.	د	dāl (d)	4
5.	ه	hā' (h)	5
6.	و	wāw (w)	6
7.	ز	zāy/zayn (z)	7
8.	ح	ḥā' (ḥ)	8
9.	ط	ṭā' (ṭ)	9
10.	ي	yā' (y)	10
11.	ك	kāf (k)	20
12.	ل	lām (l)	30
13.	م	mīm (m)	40
14.	ن	nūn (n)	50
15.	س	sīn (s)	60
16.	ع	'ayn (')	70
17.	ف	fā' (f)	80
18.	ص	ṣād (ṣ)	90
19.	ق	qāf (q)	100
20.	ر	rā' (r)	200
21.	ش	shīn (sh)	300
22.	ت	tā' (t)	400
23.	ث	thā' (th)	500
24.	خ	khā' (kh)	600
25.	ذ	dhāl (dh)	700
26.	ض	ḍād (ḍ)	800
27.	ظ	zā' (ẓ)	900
28.	غ	ghayn (gh)	1000

For Hamza (ء), its value is the same as Alif, which is one (1)

Table. 2 Arabic gematria/*Hisab al-Jumal*

For example, in the Quran there are several chapters with the initials Alif, Lam, Meem, then its gematrical values is: Alif = 1, Lam = 30, Meem = 40, so $1 + 30 + 40 = 71$. And in this article the gematrical value of each letter will be shortened to Gv.

And this is what Rashad did not explain in his articles, about how this code number **19** can protect not only initial letters, but also all un-initial's letters in the Quran. And after I calculated (including Basmalah in every chapter except for chapter 1 and 9), the result was: **3 2 8 1 6 0** letters. Let's check out this result with this code number **19**, and see how awesome it is :)

1. Pattern based on Basmalah letters.

No.	Letter	Gv (G)	Occurrences (O)	(G) + (O)	(G) x (O)	Total
1	ب	2	11600	11602	23200	46402
2	س	60	6120	6180	367200	379500
3	م	40	27061	27101	1082440	1136602
4	ا	1	56512	56513	56512	169537
5	ل	30	38534	38564	1156020	1233118
6	ل	30	38534	38564	1156020	1233118
7	ه	5	17300	17305	86500	121105
8	ا	1	56512	56513	56512	169537
9	ل	30	38534	38564	1156020	1233118
10	ر	200	12621	12821	2524200	2549642
11	ح	8	4361	4369	34888	43618
12	م	40	27061	27101	1082440	1136602
13	ن	50	27375	27425	1368750	1423550
14	ا	1	56512	56513	56512	169537
15	ل	30	38534	38564	1156020	1233118
16	ر	200	12621	12821	2524200	2549642
17	ح	8	4361	4369	34888	43618
18	ي	10	25851	25861	258510	310222
19	م	40	27061	27101	1082440	1136602 +
						16318188
						= 19 x 858852
						Prime Factors = 2 x 2 x 3 x 3 x 19 x 23857

Table. 3 Code number 19's pattern based on the Basmalah letters.

As we can see the letters that make up this Basmalah can also act as *Guardian or Quick Tester*, and if the result of its calculation is not divisible by **19**, then there may be a writing/printing error or *something else*.

2. Pattern based on unique Basmalah letters.

No.	Letter	Gv (G)	Occurrences
1	ب	2	11600
2	س	60	6120
3	م	40	27061
4	ا	1	56512
5	ل	30	38534
6	ه	5	17300
7	ر	200	12621
8	ح	8	4361
9	ن	50	27375
10	ي	10	25851 +
			227335
			= 19 x 11965
			Prime Factors = 5 x 19 x 2393

Table 4. Code number 19's pattern based on unique Basmalah letters.

Again, Basmalah acts as *Guardian or Quick Tester*, if the result of its calculation is not divisible by **19**, then there may be a writing/printing error or *something else*. And interesting to note that Basmalah is composed of **19** letters with **10** unique letters, and in the mathematics **19 Base 19 = 10**

3. Pattern based on all Initial Letters of the Quran.

No.	Chapter	Initials	Gv
1	2	A.L.M	71
2	3	A.L.M	71
3	7	A.L.M.S	161
4	10	A.L.R	231
5	11	A.L.R	231
6	12	A.L.R	231
7	13	A.L.M.R	271
8	14	A.L.R	231
9	15	A.L.R	231
10	19	K.H.Y.'A.S	195
11	20	T.H	14
12	26	T.S.M	109
13	27	T.S.	69
14	28	T.S.M	109
15	29	A.L.M	71
16	30	A.L.M	71
17	31	A.L.M	71
18	32	A.L.M	71
19	36	Y.S	70
20	38	S	90
21	40	H.M.	48
22	41	H.M.	48
23	42	H.M.'A.S.Q	278
24	43	H.M.	48
25	44	H.M.	48
26	45	H.M.	48
27	46	H.M.	48
28	50	Q.	100
29	68	N.	50 +
Total Initial Gv :			3385
Total Letters :			328160
Total Letters Gv :			23463124 +
			23794669
			19 x 1252351
Prime Factor =			19 x 1019 x 1229

Table. 5 Code 19's pattern based on all Initials Letters of the Quran.

Here we can see that one of the functions of Gv is to maintain the value/quality of the total number/quantity of Quran letters. Because it could be that in the practice of its writing or calculating, the numbers are the same (328160), but for example, there is one letter that should be written *Ta* (ت) instead written as *Tha* (ث) which of course will affect the total value of its Gv, which, if added up will certainly not be divisible by **19** which indicates a writing error or something else.

And it is interesting to note what our French brother found that if the total Gv of these letters is subtracted with the total Gv of the un-numbered verses (112 Basmalah), then the result will be divisible by **19**.

$$23463124 - (112 \times 786) = 23375092 = \mathbf{19} \times 1230268.$$

$$\text{And its prime factor} = 2 \times 2 \times 13 \times \mathbf{19} \times 59 \times 401.$$

4. Pattern based on all Initial letters in every chapter of the Quran.

In order to maintain initialled chapters (whether it is an initial letter or not), with this code number **19** was found at least seven (7) pairs of chapters with the following patterns:

No.	Chapter	Initials
1.	2	A.L.M. 1
2.	3	A.L.M.
3.	7	A.L.M.S
4.	10 2	A.L.R
5.	11	A.L.R
6.	12	A.L.R
7.	13	A.L.M.R 6
8.	14	A.L.R
9.	15	A.L.R
10.	19	K.H.Y'A.S 4
11.	20	T.H
12.	26	T.S.M
13.	27	T.S 3
14.	28	T.S.M
15.	29	A.L.M
16.	30	A.L.M
17.	31	A.L.M
18.	32	A.L.M
19.	36	Y.S
20.	38	S
21.	40	H.M.
22.	41	H.M.
23.	42	H.M. 'A.S.Q.
24.	43	H.M.
25.	44	H.M. 5
26.	45	H.M.
27.	46	H.M. 7
28.	50	Q.
29.	68	N.

Pic 1. Seven pairs to protect the Great Quran.

Each of pairs of these chapters can be seen in the tables below, and from here we will know the function of the initial letters and their Gv.

4.1 Pair #1 Protecting A.L.M

Chapter	Initials	Initials Occurrences	Other letters	Total Letters
2	A.L.M (71)	9901	16018	25919
3	A.L.M (71)	5651	9129	14780
29	A.L.M (71)	1669	2606	4275
30	A.L.M (71)	1253	2200	3453
31	A.L.M (71)	823	1330	2153
32	A.L.M (71)	577	984	1561 +
		19874	32267	52141
			71	71 +
		19874	32338	52212
		= 19 x 1046	= 19 x 1702	= 19 x 2748
	Prime Factors = 2 x 19 x 523		2 x 19 x 23 x 37	2 x 2 x 3 x 19 x 229

Table. 6 Pair #1 Protecting A.L.M

As can be seen in the table above, in the Quran, there are six (6) chapters with the initials A.L.M, which are: the 2nd, 3rd, 29th, 30th, 31st and 32nd chapter.

Sum of A.L.M of these six (6) chapters is divisible by **19**. In order to make — sum of other letters than A.L.M in these six (6) chapters — are divisible by **19**, then it must be added with the Gv of this A.L.M (71).

And the pattern like this also can be applied to other Initialed chapters in the Quran, but with different pairs according to its key letter.

4.2 Pair #2 Protecting ALMS, ALR, ALMR, KHY'AS, Q and N

Chapter	Initials	Initials Occurrences	Other letters	Total Letters
7	A.L.M.S (161)	5301 = 19 x 279 3 x 3 x 19 x 31	8953	14254
10	A.L.R (231)	2491	5047	7538
11	A.L.R (231)	2493	5252	7745
12	A.L.R (231)	2384	4840	7224
14	A.L.R (231)	1201	2315	3516
15	A.L.R (231)	912 = 19 x 499 19 x 499	1936	2848
13	A.L.M.R (271)	1482 = 19 x 78 2 x 3 x 13 x 19	2033	3515
19	K.H.Y.'A.S (195)	798 = 19 x 42 2 x 3 x 7 x 19	3089	3887
42	Q (100)	57	3433	3490
50	Q (100)	57 = 19 x 6 2 x 3 x 19	1450	1507
68	N (50)	133 = 19 x 7 7 x 19	1152 39500 161 231 271 195 100 50	1285 + 56809 161 231 271 195 100 50 +
		17309 = 19 x 911	40508 = 19 x 2132	57817 = 19 x 3043
		Prime Factors = 19 x 911	2 x 2 x 13 x 19 x 41	17 x 19 x 179

Table. 7 Pair #2 Protecting ALMS, ALR, ALMR, KHY'AS, Q and N

4.3 Pair #3 Protecting TH. TSM and TS.

Chapter	Initials	Initials Occurrences	Other letters	Total Letters
20	T.H (14)	279	5078	5357
26	T.S.M (109)	611	4981	5592
27	T.S. (69)	121	4645	4766
28	T.S.M (109)	581	5299	5880
29	A.L.M (40)	344	3931	4275
30	A.L.M (40)	317	3136	3453
31	A.L.M (40)	173	1980	2153
32	A.L.M (40)	158	1403	1561 +
		= 19 x 136	30453	33037
		2 x 2 x 2 x 17 x 19	14	14
			109	109
			69	69
			40	40 +
		2584	30685	33269
		= 19 x 136	= 19 x 1615	= 19 x 1751
Prime Factors =		2 x 2 x 2 x 17 x 19	5 x 17 x 19 x 19	17 x 19 x 103

Table. 8 Pair #3 Protecting TH. TSM and TS.

This is one very impressive pattern. To protect initial letters T.H; T.S.M; and T.S; it takes the letter M in the next four (4) chapters which are incidentally having initials A.L.M. Because what are calculated in the column “Initials Occurrences” in chapters 29,30,31 and 32 is only letter M, so what is added to protect the other un-initial letters is only the Gv of the letter M, which is 40.

4.4 Pair #4 Protecting Y.S and S.

Chapter	Initials	Initials Occurrences	Other letters	Total Letters
36	Y.S (70)	285	2754	3039
		= 19 x 15		
38	S (90)	29	3008	3037
19	K.H.Y.'A.S (90)	26	3861	3887
7	A.L.M.S (90)	97	14157	14254 +
		= 19 x 8	23780	24217
		2 x 2 x 2 x 19	70	70
			90	90 +
		437	23940	24377
		= 19 x 23	= 19 x 1260	= 19 x 1283
		Prime Factors = 19 x 23	2 x 2 x 3 x 3 x 5 x 7 x 19	19 x 1283

Table. 9 Pair #4 Protecting Y.S and S.

The pattern above is the same as the previous pattern, but here, what are calculated in the column “Initials Occurrences” for chapters 19 and 7 is only the letter S alone, so only the Gv of the letter S alone which is added, which is 90.

4.5 Pair #5. Protecting H.M -'A.S. Q

Chapter	Initials	Initials Occurrences	Other letters	Total Letters	
40	H.M (48)	444	4616	5060	H.M #1
41	H.M (48)	324	3031	3355	
42	H.M (48)	353	3137	3490	
43	H.M (48)	368	3204	3572	
44	H.M (48)	166	1308	1474	
45	H.M (48)	231	1838	2069	
46	H.M (48)	261	2385	2646	
		= 19 x 113			
		19 x 113			
40	H.M (48)	444	4616	5060	H.M #2
41	H.M (48)	324	3031	3355	
42	H.M (48)	353	3137	3490	
		= 19 x 59			
		19x59			
43	H.M (48)	368	3204	3572	H.M #3
44	H.M (48)	166	1308	1474	
45	H.M (48)	231	1838	2069	
46	H.M (48)	261	2385	2646	
		= 19 x 54			
		2x3x3x3x19			
42	'A.S.Q (230)	209	3281	3490 +	
		= 19 x 11		42319	46822
		11x19		48	48
				48	48
				48	48
				230	230 +
		4503	42693	47196	
		= 19 x 237		= 19 x 2247	= 19 x 2484
		Prime Factors=3x19x79	3x7x19x107	2x2x3x3x3x19x23	

Table. 10 Pair #5. Protecting H.M. -'A.S. Q

From the table above it can be seen that chapters with the initials H.M can form three (3) patterns in which the total number of its initial letters are divisible by **19**.

4.6 Pair #6 and #7 Protecting A.L.M.R and Q

Chapter	Initials	Initials Occurrences	Other letters	Total Letters
13	A.L.M.R (271)	1482	2033	3515
		= 19 x 78	= 19 x 107	= 19 x 185
		Prime Factors = 2x3x13x19	19x107	5x19x37

Chapter	Initials	Initials Occurrences	Other letters	Total Letters
42	Q (100)	57	3433	3490
50	Q (100)	57	1450	1507
		114	4883	4997
		= 19 x 6	= 19 x 257	= 19 x 263
		Prime Factors = 2x3x19	19x257	19x263

Table. 11 Pair #6 and #7. These two pairs are special, they don't need its Gv to protect its letters.

These two pairs of chapters do not need their Gv to protect all of the letters in their chapters, in fact, these two pairs help the other chapters to protect their letters.

5. Let's group all Initialed Chapters and its letters, and let's see the pattern.

No.	Chapter (C)	Initials	Gv (G)	Total Letters (L)	Concatenate (C)(G)(L)
1.	2	A.L.M	71	25919	27125919
2.	3	A.L.M	71	14780	37114780
3.	7	A.L.M.S	161	14254	716114254
4.	10	A.L.R	231	7538	102317538
5.	11	A.L.R	231	7745	112317745
6.	12	A.L.R	231	7224	122317224
7.	13	A.L.M.R	271	3515	132713515
8.	14	A.L.R	231	3516	142313516
9.	15	A.L.R	231	2848	152312848
10.	19	K.H.Y'A.S	195	3887	191953887
11.	20	T.H	14	5357	20145357
12.	26	T.S.M	109	5592	261095592
13.	27	T.S	69	4766	27694766
14.	28	T.S.M	109	5880	281095880
15.	29	A.L.M	71	4275	29714275
16.	30	A.L.M	71	3453	30713453
17.	31	A.L.M	71	2153	31712153
18.	32	A.L.M	71	1561	32711561
19.	36	Y.S	70	3039	36703039
20.	38	S	90	3037	38903037
21.	40	H.M.	48	5060	40485060
22.	41	H.M.	48	3355	41483355
23.	42	H.M. 'A.S.Q	278	3490	422783490
24.	43	H.M.	48	3572	43483572
25.	44	H.M.	48	1474	44481474
26.	45	H.M.	48	2069	45482069
27.	46	H.M.	48	2646	46482646
28.	50	Q.	100	1507	501001507
29.	68	N.	50	1285	68501285 +

3781274797

= 19 x 199014463

Prime Factor = 19 x 547 x 363829

Table. 12 Protecting all Initialed Chapters and its letters

6. And now let's group all Un-initial Chapters and its letters, and let's see the pattern.

No.	Chapter (C)	Total Letter (L)	Concatenate (L) (C)
1.	1	139	1391
2.	4	16104	161044
3.	5	12051	120515
4.	6	12590	125906
5.	8	5368	53688
6.	9	10840	108409
7.	16	7742	774216
8.	17	6584	658417
9.	18	6507	650718
10.	21	4999	499921
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72.	101	177	177101
73.	102	142	142102
74.	103	90	90103
75.	104	153	153104
76.	105	115	115105
77.	106	94	94106
78.	107	133	133107
79.	108	61	61108
80.	109	114	114109
81.	110	99	99110
82.	111	100	100111
83.	112	66	66112
84.	113	90	90113
85.	114	99	99114
			+
			13748153
			= 19 x 723587

723587 is a prime number,
and its index = 58311 or 19 x 3069

Table 13. Protecting all Un-initial Chapters and its letters.

7. Let's group all letters and its Gv, and let's see the pattern.

No.	Letters	Gv (G)	Total Letter (L)	Concatenate (G) (L)	Concatenate (L) (G)	Total
1	ا	1	56512	156512	565121	721633
2	ب	2	11600	211600	116002	327602
3	ج	3	3316	33316	33163	66479
4	د	4	5990	45990	59904	105894
5	ه	5	17300	517300	173005	690305
6	و	6	25670	625670	256706	882376
7	ز	7	1597	71597	15977	87574
8	ح	8	4361	84361	43618	127979
9	ط	9	1273	91273	12739	104012
10	ي	10	25851	1025851	2585110	3610961
11	ك	20	10493	2010493	1049320	3059813
12	ل	30	38534	3038534	3853430	6891964
13	م	40	27061	4027061	2706140	6733201
14	ن	50	27375	5027375	2737550	7764925
15	س	60	6120	606120	612060	1218180
16	ع	70	9398	709398	939870	1649268
17	ف	80	8743	808743	874380	1683123
18	ص	90	2072	902072	207290	1109362
19	ق	100	7032	1007032	7032100	8039132
20	ر	200	12621	20012621	12621200	32633821
21	ش	300	2123	3002123	2123300	5125423
22	ت	400	10516	40010516	10516400	50526916
23	ث	500	1414	5001414	1414500	6415914
24	خ	600	2497	6002497	2497600	8500097
25	ذ	700	4932	7004932	4932700	11937632
26	ض	800	1686	8001686	1686800	9688486
27	ظ	900	852	900852	852900	1753752
28	غ	1000	1221	10001221	12211000	22212221 +
		5995				
						193668045
						= 19 x 10193055
						Prime factors = 3 x 5 x 19 x 679537

Table 14. Pattern based on total Quran letters and its distribution.

No.	Letters	Gv (G)	TOTAL LETTER (L)
1	ا	1	56512
2	ب	2	11600
3	ج	3	3316
4	د	4	5990
5	ه	5	17300
6	و	6	25670
7	ز	7	1597
8	ح	8	4361
9	ط	9	1273
10	ي	10	25851
11	ك	20	10493
12	ل	30	38534
13	م	40	27061
14	ن	50	27375
15	س	60	6120
16	ع	70	9398
17	ف	80	8743
18	ص	90	2072
19	ق	100	7032
20	ر	200	12621
21	ش	300	2123
22	ت	400	10516
23	ث	500	1414
24	خ	600	2497
25	ذ	700	4932
26	ض	800	1686
27	ظ	900	852
28	غ	1000	1221
		5995	328160

Concatenate Total(L) Total(G): 3281605995

= 19 x 172716105

Prime factors = 3 x 5 x 19 x 11514407

Table 15. Pattern based on total Quran letters and its distribution.

8. Let's exclude all initial letters in its chapters from our calculation, and see the pattern.

No.	Letters	GV (G)	Occurrences (O)	(G) + (O)	(G) x (O)	Total
1	-	1	335	336	335	1006
2	ء	1	2081	2082	2081	6244
3	ا	1	27175	27176	27175	81526
4	ا	1	3542	3543	3542	10627
5	ا	1	6229	6230	6229	18688
6	ب	2	11600	11602	23200	46402
7	ج	3	3316	3319	9948	16583
8	د	4	5990	5994	23960	35944
9	ة	5	2282	2287	11410	15979
10	ه	5	14592	14597	72960	102149
11	و	6	24963	24969	149778	199710
12	ؤ	6	707	713	4242	5662
13	ز	7	1597	1604	11179	14380
14	ح	8	4069	4077	32552	40698
15	ط	9	1166	1175	10494	12835
16	ى	10	6456	6466	64560	77482
17	ي	10	17904	17914	179040	214858
18	ئ	10	911	921	9110	10942
19	ك	20	10356	10376	207120	227852
20	ل	30	26735	26765	802050	855550
21	م	40	18402	18442	736080	772924
22	ن	50	27242	27292	1362100	1416634
23	س	60	5728	5788	343680	355196
24	ع	70	9183	9253	642810	661246
25	ف	80	8743	8823	699440	717006
26	ص	90	1920	2010	172800	176730
27	ق	100	6918	7018	691800	705736
28	ر	200	11389	11589	2277800	2300778
29	ش	300	2123	2423	636900	641446
30	ت	400	10516	10916	4206400	4227832
31	ث	500	1414	1914	707000	710328
32	خ	600	2497	3097	1498200	1503794
33	ذ	700	4932	5632	3452400	3462964
34	ض	800	1686	2486	1348800	1352972
35	ظ	900	852	1752	766800	769404
36	غ	1000	1221	2221	1221000	1224442 +
						22994549
Total Letter						328160 +
						23322709
						= 19 x 1227511
Prime Factors						= 19 x 859 x 1429

Table 16. Pattern based on all letters but without all initial letter in its chapter.

9. Conclusion

With many and varied patterns of code number **19** in the Quran, and assisted by advances in science, especially computerization, it will be very easy for us to detect errors in its writing or anything else (e.g.: forgery attempts). With the results of this test, we can conclude:

- The Quran must be written/printed with Uthmani Rasm like Medina Mushaf, and this is different from the Quran in many non-Arabic speaking countries which are mostly written/printed with Imlai/Indopak Rasm.
- Basmalah in each chapter (except chapter 1 and 9) must be combined with other verses and its verse number is zero (0), and not written/printed separately from other verses.
- There are at least twenty-five (25) typographical errors in the Medina Mushaf (*Table. 1*)
- The Quran consists of 114 (**19 x 6**) chapters and 6346 (**19 x 334**) verses, and should be written/printed [without 9:128–129](#).

Are All patterns of code number **19** above just a coincidence? If you are interested in proving it yourself, you can download the spreadsheet data (*v2021-03-03*) here: [click me](#)

And to download the text of the Quran (pdf file) that has been mathematically verified by the code number **19**, you can download it here: [click me](#)

Finally, this article was written and published to [Medium](#) on **Friday, February 19, 2021**, or **19022021** or **19 x 101159**

Coincidence?